

Adult and Pediatric Otolaryngology 12720 Hillcrest Rd, Suite 900 Dallas, TX 75230 Phone 972-566-8300 Fax 972-566-8004

Neck Dissection Surgery

Your surgeon has recommended surgery to remove lymph nodes in the neck. Below are important instructions regarding your surgery. Although your surgeon will discuss these with you, it is essential that you read these instructions and ask questions as necessary to fully understand them.

PRE-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS:

- Unless prescribed by a physician, stop taking any aspirin, aspirin products, or blood thinners of any kind 10 days prior to surgery. Tylenol is generally okay.
- IMPORTANT: If your physician has placed you on a daily dosage of aspirin or other blood thinners (Coumadin or Plavix, etc.), please check with your prescribing doctor regarding appropriate instructions for preoperative and postoperative use. Notify our office in advance if you are on blood thinners.
- Do not eat or drink anything after midnight THE DAY BEFORE SURGERY.
- If you take daily medications, take them the morning of surgery with a sip of water. If you have questions about this, check with the hospital pre-op staff during the pre-surgical evaluation.
- Please make arrangements for transportation to and from the hospital on the day of surgery.

POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS:

What to expect:

- There will be some swelling and bruising around the incision after surgery. The neck will be stiff, and this may persist for 1-2 weeks.
- Most patients will need to be hospitalized overnight after the surgery. Longer hospitalization is sometimes necessary.
- Nausea and vomiting can occur for up to 24 hours after the surgery. If this persists, please call our office.
- Some swelling around the incision is normal. However, if there is any sudden significant increase in neck swelling, apply an ice pack to the neck and call our office. If the office is closed, the answering service will direct your call to the surgeon or the on-call physician for further assistance. If you are having any difficulty breathing; call 911 or go to Medical City Dallas or Presbyterian Plano Hospital emergency room.
- Patients sometimes will experience low-grade fevers after surgery that may persist for one to two days. Temperatures can reach as high as 102°F to 104°F, but usually will resolve with Tylenol and



Adult and Pediatric Otolaryngology 12720 Hillcrest Rd, Suite 900 Dallas, TX 75230 Phone 972-566-8300 Fax 972-566-8004

fluids. If you have a high fever (greater than 101°F) that lasts longer than 24 hours without any improvement, you will need to notify the office.

At any time during the post-op period, please call the office if you have any questions or concerns about excessive bleeding, breathing difficulty, pain, persistent fever, nausea, swelling, or other concerns that seem out of the ordinary from what you have discussed with your surgeon.

Activity:

- Bed rest and very light activity is the rule for the first 24 hours postoperatively. You may increase your activity level as necessary, but use common sense.
- Avoid any heavy lifting, bending, straining, or stooping for at least 2 weeks after surgery as this will put additional pressure on the operative site and may increase your chances of postoperative bleeding. If you have questions about certain activities, please ask us.
- Try to keep your head elevated during sleep for at least 3 days after surgery. Sleeping on 2 or more pillows is effective. A recliner chair is also an excellent option.
- Depending on the individual and the type of surgery done, disability from work may vary. Most patients are able to return to work or school within 1 full week after surgery.

Diet:

You may begin eating regular foods as tolerated; however, it is not essential to begin taking solid foods right away. There may be some slight difficulty with swallowing after the surgery, but this should improve within a few days.

Medications:

- If taking blood thinners, you may begin taking them again **48 hours after** surgery, unless the surgeon tells you differently.
- You will be treated with pain medications after discharged from the hospital, and this should relieve any discomfort that you may experience. As your discomfort lessens, you may switch to regular Tylenol (acetaminophen). Do not combine Tylenol with your prescription pain medicine, as this already contains Tylenol.
- Unless aspirin has been prescribed as a daily medication, do not take aspirin or ibuprofen-like products (NSAIDS) as they may cause bleeding. These products include: Ecotrin, Bayer, Bufferin, Excedrin, Alka Seltzer, Goody's powders, Motrin, Nuprin, Advil, Alleve, and Naprosyn.
- Tylenol (acetaminophen) may also be taken for mild fever. If postoperative fever (<101°F) persists for more than 24 hours, notify the office.



Adult and Pediatric Otolaryngology 12720 Hillcrest Rd, Suite 900 Dallas, TX 75230 Phone 972-566-8300 Fax 972-566-8004

• Antibiotics may be given during the postoperative period, particularly while you have a drain in the neck wound. Take all medications as prescribed for you by the physician. If you are nauseous, you can begin the antibiotics the day after surgery. Call the office for any adverse reactions to your medications (vomiting, diarrhea, rash, difficulty breathing or swallowing).

Wound Care:

- Your incision has protective glue applied to the skin. It requires no additionally care.
- If directed, you may clean your incision with ½ strength peroxide and saline twice daily, followed by application of antibiotic ointment.
- There may be a drain, which is typically removed 3-7 days after the surgery. Drain care will be reviewed with you by the hospital nursing staff if you are to be sent home with a drain in place. The instructions should be straightforward, and most patients are easily capable of caring for the drain until it is removed. Please ask questions if you are uncertain.
- After surgery, you may shower below the neck. Avoid showering above the neck until at least 48 hours after surgery. We strongly discourage soaking the incision in the bathtub, swimming pool, or hot tub until you have discussed this with your physician.

Follow-up:

- Typically, your surgeon will see you again in the office approximately 1 week after surgery to ensure that you are recovering from your surgery. If it has already been scheduled, please call us as soon as possible after surgery to make this appointment.
- In order for you to receive the maximum benefit from surgery, please keep your postoperative appointments. If a conflict in your schedule arises, please call the office as soon as possible and reschedule your appointment.